

THE DAILY TELEGRAM

The Leading Newspaper of Central West Virginia.

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WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1916.

An Evening Echo.

The most precious possession that comes to a man in this world is a woman's love.—HOLLAND.

As all the world knows, President Wilson is not a large man, physically. Accordingly, during his swing around the circle, he was unable to conceal behind him the figure of the Wilson of last year, the Wilson who sneered at preparedness and who had not been God-blessed by Bryan into reversing a belief in which he was sincere.

If George W. Perkins and such Progressives as he controls are really desirous of doing all that they honorably can to secure an identical candidate and platform for both Republicans and Progressives, we cannot see why Mr. Perkins should not endorse his action with as many resounding declarations of principle as he pleases. The main thing, the practical thing, is to unite all forces to rid the country of an administration which has, as Mr. Perkins says, brought so much discredit to the country.

Uncle Sam tried to eat up his money box the week ended January 22, with a wisp of customs revenues, amounting to \$3,555,000, combined from \$2,661,382 worth of imports which entered the thirteen principal customs districts of the country for the week. He worked hard at the job, and there was not enough revenue to go around. When he knocked off Saturday night and went home to supper, he found the price of "vittles" was still on the rise. The imports for the week marked a new high record under the Democratic tariff law.

Canadian Finances—and Ours.

A report from Canada states: "The revenue of the country for the nine months ending December 31 last shows the satisfactory increase of over \$22,000,000, while the expenditure marks the still more satisfactory decrease of over \$11,500,000." The total improvement compared with last year is \$33,000,000. The report says: "From the experience of the closing months of 1915, there is every reason to expect that this improvement will continue, and that the end of the fiscal year on March 31 next will exhibit a still more favorable result." Canada is supplying its share of men and money to the European war. The United States is profiting by the war even though the Democrats laid a war tax on us, and contemplate further taxation of war profits. Yet the Canadian treasury is in fine shape, while the United States treasury is in hock. Canada has economized in its governmental expenditures. The United States, under a Democratic administration, has been more extravagant than ever in the history of the country, despite Democratic platform pledges of economy. Canada has a protective tariff. The United States, in control of a minority party, has not. These are the answers.

Tediousness of Lying.

It would be a great good fortune for President Wilson if he could destroy all printed copies of his written or spoken utterances. Out of his own mouth and from his own pen comes his condemnation.

In his speech before the motion picture board of trade at New York, January 28, 1916, President Wilson said: "It is very tedious to hear men lie, particularly when you know they are lying."

That was late in the evening. An hour earlier he had opened his address to the Railroad Business Association with these words:

"The exactions of my official duties have recently been so great that it has been very seldom indeed that I could give myself so great a pleasure as that which I am enjoying tonight."

That excuse "exactions of official duties," given to an audience that is fully aware of his prolonged daily absences from the executive offices while motoring, golfing, yachting and pursuing other forms of social pleasure, was an astounding pretext for a man who finds it tedious to hear men lying, particularly when you know they are lying."

Good Roads for Simpson.

The press of the state, the Telegram in particular, has agitated the good roads movement in West Virginia the last several years, and it is glad that there is such great trend in that direction now. This movement has more particularly taken hold of the people since A. D. Williams became chief road engineer of the state. His constant efforts and fervent devotion to the work of pulling West Virginia out of the mud are being

crowned with success in every part of the state. Harrison county is included in the counties which have joined the movement. Permanent roads have already been built in several sections of the county and more are to be built.

The bond-issue plan is widespread in the state and it has the approval of all who have made the road question and taxation a study. It is the easiest, safest and most effective way, they contend.

At this particular time, it is gratifying to note the fact that such a movement is rapidly crystallizing in Simpson district of this county. Progressive and leading residents of that district see good roads in sight by adopting such plan and they are pushing the movement for all it is worth. The big mass meeting at Bridgeport tomorrow has for its purpose not only the creation of enthusiasm but also ascertainment of the will of all the taxpayers of the district. In other words, it is to be a big family conference on a subject that vitally concerns the welfare of the people of the district as a whole and it is proper and right that they should thus assemble and talk the matter over.

The Telegram believes the outcome of the meeting will be a decision to submit a bond issue to the voters of the district, and it is hoped that such a splendid and wealthy section of the county will decide at the polls to pull itself out of the mud.

Competing with China.

In the philosophy of the ancients, the question, "which came first, the hen or the egg?" was a fruitful source of speculation of little practical concern. Today, the question "which shall take precedence, the American hen or the Chinese egg?" is developing two schools of thought among our newspapers on the Pacific coast. The Oregon Journal says: "The Chinese egg has not been a factor in the Oregon egg trade, or in any other trade in this country." It declares that the Chinese egg when it reaches this country is so stale that it does not compete with the local product; that only families too poor to buy the domestic egg buy it, and that the Chinese egg was imported almost as freely before the duty was removed. Passing over the contradiction that the original egg is non-competitory and only poor families buy it, a study of the official statistics of egg imports may throw some light on the situation.

The Republican tariff law exacted a duty of five cents a dozen on imported eggs. For the fiscal year 1913, under this law, eggs were imported to the amount of 1,360,000 dozen, of which eighty per cent came from England and seven per cent from China. Under the Democratic law, which placed eggs on the free list, and which was in force nine months of the fiscal year 1914, nearly 6,000,000 dozen eggs came in, of which only four per cent came from England and thirty-two per cent came from China. The English eggs are distributed over the country, the Chinese eggs went to the Pacific coast. Which eggs would the editor of the Journal prefer for his breakfast—those fit for the English people, or the yellow perill from China? For the ten months ended October, 1913, we imported 21,600 dozen eggs; for the same period, 1914, Democratic law, 4,667,000 dozen; for the same period, 1915, 1,772,000 dozen.

In addition to this, prepared eggs are becoming an important factor in our imports. Inasmuch as frozen and evaporated eggs come in bulk, duty was assessed on them under the Republican law at the rate of five cents a dozen, estimating eleven to the pound. The Democratic law cut the duty to two cents a pound. During the fiscal year 1913 we imported 228,000 pounds of these eggs. For the fiscal year 1914 we imported 3,400,000 pounds. As they are not separately listed in the monthly summary, it is impossible to say how much has come in since. Eggs prepared in this manner are used to a large extent by bakers in making cakes, etc. The consumer gets no advantage from this and the domestic producers of eggs lose a market for seconds, cracked eggs, etc. The effect of this lowering of the duty on prepared eggs is indicated by the fact that several factories formerly operating in this country, using domestic building huge evaporating and refrigerating plants for the preparation of egg mixtures, employing Chinese labor. The Topeka, Kas., plant, and one from Boston, are examples. A short while ago Vice Consul Gilbert, Nanking, China, stated in Commerce Reports that exporters were purchasing eggs in his vicinity at forty to forty-two cents a gross. He reported the following consignments arranged for at the time he wrote: Fresh eggs, to San Francisco, 102,000 dozen at \$0.046; Seattle, 311,000 dozen at \$0.046; Tacoma, 521,833 dozen at \$0.046. Egg, frozen in tins, to New York City, 7,523,318 pounds, at \$0.03; Seattle, 656,000 pounds at \$0.03. He stated that the territory covered by agents radiating from Nanking produces 75,000 dozen eggs daily for export. Reports of other United States consuls indicate similar activities around Swatow, Canton, and other Chinese centers. It is quite apparent that, while eggs in the shell have fallen off somewhat, China is increasing her exports to us of prepared eggs for bakers' use. The egg-producing industry is being gradually transferred to China, under free trade.

Finally, admitting for the purpose of argument that the importation of Chinese eggs here, what, then, was the purpose of letting them in free? Why not have the revenue? We need it. Or does the Journal advocate a diet for the poor of its state of eggs contemporary with Confucius?

Two may live as cheaply as one, if they manage well; But, my boy, it can't be done At a fine hotel.

Simon Simons, the closest man in Pitchburg, remembering that his cat Ebenezer had not been fed for three days, sighed as he thought of the cost of living and walked to Smees' meat

store, a distance of one mile, or 5,280 feet, from his home.

"Send me up a cent's worth o' cat meat," he ordered.

"But, Mr. Simons," said the butcher, "won't you take it with you? Our wagon's got a touch of rheumatism, and—"

"Send it up, I say," snarled Old Man Simons, and returned home.

As he entered his front yard, a slight mist met his eyes that made them bulge from their customary place in his head.

Turning excitedly, he ran the entire distance of 1,700 yards back to Smees' meat palace.

"Cancel that order, Smees!" he panted. "Cancel that order!"

"Wassa matter, cat dead?" asked Smees.

"No," puffed old man Simons. "He jes' caught a bird."

And he plodded back to his home, a distance of 820 rods.

OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT OF TRI-STATE

Latest Reports of Operations in West Virginia, Pennsylvania and Ohio.

Development work in Roane county has for many months furnished only light pumps but now has an exception. At the headwaters of McKeown Creek the United Fuel Gas Company has drilled its test on the G. W. Walker farm into the Big Lick and it started to flow at the rate of 300 barrels a day. The size of this well is as large as any found in Roane county during the early days of its development. The rig at the Walker farm well caught here soon after the well was drilled in and was consumed. One of the men at work on the well was severely burned.

On Porters Fork, Duval district, Lincoln county, the South Penn Oil Company has started to drill No. 48 on the Horse Creek tract. On Addis Run, Grant district, Ritchie county, the Unknown Oil Company has started to drill a test on the George Caton farm.

On Sancho Creek, Centerville district, Tyler county, the Carnegie Natural Gas Company drilled a test on the J. B. Riggs farm through the Big Lick sand and has a gasser. On Buffalo Creek, Mannington district, Marion county, the same company's test on the Hamilton-Gump farm is a duster in all sands.

The Manufacturers Light and Heat Company has drilled a test on the Snyder heirs' farm, on Indian Creek Grant district, Monongalia county, into the Ganz and it shows for a ten-barrel pumper.

Drilling and Starting Tests.

There is some test work starting in widely distributed districts. On Little Creek, Green district, Wetzel county, C. E. Kite and Company are drilling a test on the John A. Steele farm. On Fishing Creek, in the same district, G. F. Eagan and Company are drilling a test on the T. H. King farm. In the same district, on the same stream, the Doman Oil Company is due in the sand at a test on the Aaron Morgan farm.

On Indian Creek, Centerville district, Tyler county, McIntyre Bros. are due in the sand at a test on the Benjamin McIntyre farm. On Bingham Creek, Clay district, Harrison county, the Carnegie Natural Gas Company has the rig completed for a test on the A. Siles farm. On Lambert Run, Eagle district, the Simpson Oil and Gas Company has made the location for a test on the F. A. Robinson farm.

Southeastern Ohio.

In the deep sand territory in Southeastern Ohio two fairly good producers have been completed. The first is in the Junction City district, Jackson township, Perry county, and owned by Murrin, Derry and Company, located on the J. P. Smith farm and good for fifty barrels a day in the Clinton sand. In the same district the Carter Oil Company completed and shot No. 3 on the John F. Kilfinger farm and has a fifty-barrel producer in the same formation.

In the Union Furnace district, in the northwest quarter of section ten, Starr township, Hooking county, the Union Furnace Oil Company drilled No. 8 on the State lands into the Clinton sand at a depth of 3,281 feet, and has a show for a light pumper. It will be given a shot. In the northwest quarter of section 23, Salt Lick township, Perry county, the Agnes Oil Company, completed and shot No. 6 on the Sunday Creek Coal Company's property and it is showing for a forty-barrel pumper.

For run-down territory, Lowell Run district, Seaton township, Washington county, W. C. Patterson and Company drilled No. 29 on the J. R.

PREMATURE OLD AGE

Says Dr. Arnold Lorand, of the "Carlsbad Baths, Austria," "is due to our own negligence," and to avoid such a fate he recommends a light diet, proper bathing, eight hours sleep, and "don't worry." For run-down, weakened conditions, our local druggists, Stone & Mercer have a wonderful non-secret preparation composed of the three oldest tonics known, iron for the blood, the medicinal, body-building properties of cod livers and the nourishing properties of beef peptone, all combined in Vinol which they guarantee to build up and strengthen weak and feeble old people, and for all run-down conditions.—Advertisement.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Clarksburg Light and Heat Company, for the election of directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at the offices of the company the third Thursday in February, February 7th, at 9:30 a. m. J. M. BROWN, Secretary.

A Distinctive Reason

What is the chief reason for the superiority of Royal Baking Powder?

There are several good reasons, but there is one which distinguishes Royal from other baking powders.

This reason, which every woman should know, is that Royal Baking Powder is made from cream of tartar, which comes from grapes. This means a healthful fruit origin. It means natural food as distinguished from mineral substitutes used in other baking powders.

There is no alum nor phosphate in Royal Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO.
New York

WEST VIRGINIA BRIEFS

FAIRMONT: A committee of citizens has called a mass meeting of Union magisterial district voters for February 18 at which it is proposed to petition the county court for a special election to decide on the issuance of \$300,000 in bonds for more good roads.

HUNTINGTON: Gladys White, first woman arrested for violating the Yost prohibition law, pleaded guilty in criminal court and was sentenced to serve two months in jail and pay a fine of \$100 and costs. The state alleged that the woman carried an excessive amount of liquor tied around her body beneath her dress.

BELINGTON: George McClelland Right, former postmaster of Belington, former deputy sheriff of Barbour county and identified with many business enterprises, is dead at his home here, after an illness, aged 53 years.

NEW MARTINSVILLE: Residents of Ohio and North Main streets, have lately been noticing a slight vibration of their buildings and for a time were puzzled as to what was the cause of the occasional swaying and shaking of chandeliers and pictures in their dwellings, but now ascribe the mysterious movements to the vibrations caused by the action of the big engines at the city water works.

MARTINSBURG: Extensive repairs are to be made to the Martinsburg postoffice. This will consist of the installation of a fine electric elevator, the rewiring of the entire building, the building of a sewer from the building to the street pipe. It is estimated that the aggregate expense

for the three games.

Scores:

	Gore No. 2.	204—	523
Mitchell.....	151	168	189—561
Maletto.....	174	198	189—561
Crisman.....	173	144	161—478
Deem.....	159	166	156—481
Chenoweth.....	133	162	116—401
Totals.....	790	838	826—2451

Zelting:

Falkner.....	163	154	121—438
Johnson.....	169	117	197—483
Snider.....	129	173	176—478

Jackson farm through the 800-foot sand and have a duster. Near Humboldt, nine miles west of Kenton, in Hardin county, O., Pittsburg persons have drilled a wildcat on the P. R. Raiston farm to a depth of 2,000 feet and found nothing but a little show of oil in the Trenton Rock. During the spring and summer there will be several more tests drilled in that locality.

Southwest Pennsylvania.

Near Campbell Station, Allepo township, Green county, the South Penn Oil Company drilled No. 7 on the J. S. Hines farm through the fifth sand and it shows for a very light pumper. In the Dorseyville district, Allegheny county, the Rushville Drilling Company has drilled Nos. 2 and 3 on the Seibert farm through the fourth sand and found nothing in that or any of the upper formations. The National Oil and Gas Company gave its No. 2 on the Stevenson farm a shot and are cleaning out. It will make a light pumper. Alexander Walley's No. 4 on the Jeannette MacCorkle farm will be due to get the sand Saturday.

The Oil Market.

The prices paid for oil of various grades by the purchasing agencies are:

Pennsylvania.....	\$2.35
Mercer black.....	1.85
New Castle.....	1.85
Corning.....	1.85
Cabell.....	1.88
North Lima.....	1.58
South Lima.....	1.58
Wooster.....	1.75
Indiana.....	1.62
Princeton.....	1.77
Somers.....	.80
Ragland.....	1.57
Kansas and Oklahoma.....	1.30
Plymouth.....	1.38
Healdton.....	.70
Corseana light.....	1.30
Corseana heavy.....	.75
Electra.....	1.39
Henrietta.....	1.30
Thrall.....	1.30
Strawn.....	1.30
Moran.....	1.15
De Soto.....	.90
Orion.....	.90
Caddo, 35 degrees.....	1.25
Caddo, 35 degrees.....	1.15
Caddo, 32 degrees.....	1.10
Caddo, crude.....	.80
Canada.....	1.83

ZIESING BOWLERS

Defeated by Gore Second Ten Pin Team in the Game Rolled Here.

The Gore second ten pin team defeated the Ziesing team in a ten pin game rolled on the Gore alleys Tuesday night by seventy-six pins. The locals took the lead in the first game and were never headed off.

Mitchell, of the Gore team, had high individual score, making 204 in the final game of the contest. Maletto, of the Gore team, had high average for the contest, averaging 187 pins

The Watts-Lamberd Company

SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY 9 A. M.

NEW CREPE KIMONOS

98c

A sale that represents a very unusual purchase of desirable Kimonos that we can offer at a very low price. Made of good quality Crepe in plain colors. Elastic waist-band, collar and cuffs of sheer white lawn embroidered in colors to match the garments. The colors include pink, coral, lavender, wistaria, light blue, Copenhagen. Special for Thursday, 98c. See window.

With the Market Topsy-Turvy, The Continuance of the Silk Sale Should Interest Every Woman for We are Holding a Very Unusual Silk Sale

Keeping present conditions in mind, this spread-out of new 1916 fine Silks is really fine. We wish we had many times the quantity to offer our customers, but that only makes these assortments all the more desirable. Many of these new Silks are offered in this sale at a figure that is less than dealers are willing to pay for them in the open market—that is, in case they should succeed in finding them at any price.

Only new Silks in this sale—where Quality is the first word.

Connors.....	168	167	161—496
Alvarez.....	147	176	160—483
Total.....	776	787	815—2378

Pennsylvania is to have 364 continuation schools for child workers.

"Lazle, where did you get the fish we had for supper last night?" "I got them at Smith's, weren't they" (Political Advertisement.)

What to Do for Eczema

Greasy salves and ointments should not be applied if good clear skin is wanted. From any druggist for 25c or \$1.00 for extra large size, get a bottle of Zemo. When applied as directed, it effectively removes eczema, quickly stops itching, and heals skin troubles, also sores, burns, wounds and chafes. It penetrates, cleanses and soothes. Zemo is dependable and inexpensive. Try it, as we believe nothing you have ever used is as effective and satisfying.

Zemo, Cleveland.

Shad, shad for old dad. You can buy all the fresh fish you want at Smith's restaurant.

CITY WATER TODAY.

Following is today's test for fever and other germs as made by the Water Board's chemist and bacteriologist at the filtration plant. Also rainfall for twenty-four hours ending at 10 o'clock today:

ANALYSIS.

Number of bacteria in	Bacillus coli present in		
1.0 c.c.	0.1 c.c.	1.0 c.c.	10. c.c.
River water.....	375	2	0
City water.....	2	0	0

EXPLANATION.
C. C.—Cubic centimeter, (about a thimbleful). Bacillus coli—Intestinal germ. X—Present. O—Absent. Rainfall .4

TIME TELLS THE STORY

WHETHER you have made use of your earning years, and prepared yourself for better things ahead—Time will tell.

Then is the time when those who have been provident, who have resolutely been preparing and advancing, can sit by in comfort and happiness; while others will reach that non-productive period, shorn of all comforts.

It Rests With You Entirely whether your later years are spent in comfort and peace or in misery and discomfort through lack of funds.

Take time by the forelock. Prepare now by saving. Make that saving of material, lasting benefit by banking here.

THE LOWNDES SAVINGS BANK

4%—TRUST COMPANY—4%
Resources over \$1,000,000
CLARKSBURG, W. VA.